VOTE COMMUNIST FOR:

1. Unemployment and Social Insurance at the expense of the state and employers.
2. Against Hoover's wage-cutting policy.
3. Emergency relief for the poor farmers without restrictions by the government and banks; exemption of poor farmers from taxes, and no forced collection of rent or debts

Daily Worker

Central Organ of the Communist Party U.S.A.

(Section of the Communist International)

VOTE COMMUNIST FOR:

4. Equal rights for the Negroes and self-determination for the Black Belt.
5. Against capitalist terror; against all forms of suppression of the political rights of workers.
6. Against imperialist war; for the defense of the Chinese people and of the Soviet Union.

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100,000 LONDON WORKERS JOIN 4,000 HUNGER MARCHERS AGAINST POLICE AND PARLIAMENT

In the Day's News

City College to Strike Tonight

A Strike of the evening class students of City College to demand the immediate and unconditional release of Professor Henderson and three students will start tonight.

(Additional News on Page 2.)

SELL OUT PERU STRIKE

LIMA, Peru, Oct. 27.—A government-appointed referee, called into the street car strike here, made a decision in favor of the company and thus tricked the workers into a wage cut. The cars are still being operated by inspectors guarded by police.

* * *

CLASH IN NICARAGUA

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, Oct. 27.—A fierce battle raged here between rebel detachment and the National Guard in the Somotillo Monday. Two members of the guard were wounded.

* * *

SCHOOL RELIEF DWINDLES

NEW YORK, Oct. 27.—Laying a base for a cut in school relief for children of the unemployed, Auditor Frederick D. Chambers announced today that there was only $87,986 left in the treasury for that purpose.

* * *

CONFIRM PHILIPPINE SENTENCES

MANILA, P. I.—Carrying out the orders of their American imperialist masters, the judges of the Philippine Supreme Court confirmed the sentences passed against 30 workers who participated recently in the demonstrations against hunger and the American imperialist terror. The workers sentenced included members of the Philippine Communist Party.

Twenty of the workers, including Crisanto Evangelista, Communist leader, were banished from each of the various Philippine provinces for eight years. Others received prison terms.

* * *

FIGHT IN SAO PAULO

SAO PAULO, Brazil.A demonstration in the streets of Sao Paulo yesterday against the Federal government fought government police for several hours.

U. S. Forced to Issue Passport to Mother Mooney

WASHINGTON, Oct. 27.—The state department, under pressure of workers' organizations, finally granted a passport to Mother Mooney to attend the World Congress of the International Red Aid in Moscow; and to help promote the campaign being waged at present in Europe for the release of Mooney and the Scottsboro boys.

The department at first denied the passport to Mother Mooney, fearing the tremendous campaign that the workers of Europe are carrying on for Mooney and the Scottsboro boys, inspired by the visit of Ada Wright, mother of two of the nine Negro Scottsboro boys. The state department hoped to sabotage the campaign which is causing the ambassadors in Europe embarrassment.

VOTE COMMUNIST

FORD SCORES CONSPIRACY TO STARVE WORKERS BY 3 CAPITALIST PARTIES

Communist in Columbus Speech Cites Forced Labor in Ohio as Reply to "Prosperity" Talk

Calls for Support to National Hunger March And Communist Vote AgainstHunger System

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Oct. 27.—"The capitalist system and the capitalist parties, Republican, Democratic and Socialist have no real program or intention of feeding the masses of this country," said James W. Ford, Communist candidate for vice-president here to 400 workers, over half of them Negroes, in an election speech last night. The hall was filled.

Ford went on to show that a vote for Communism was a vote, not only for the immediate demands, of the Communist Party for unemployment insurance and relief, for no wage cutting and equality of Negro workers, but was a demand for a better system where unemployment, starvation and wage cuts would be abolished.



J. W. FORD

The workers cheered Ford's resolute championing of the demand of the disfranchised Negro workers for the right to vote. He gave the Communist program for Negro self determination in the Black Belt.

Conspiracy Against Workers

Ford assailed the Republican, Democratic and Socialist candidates for going about the country with deceit and lies and conspiracy against the workers.

Ford showed from Hover's and Roosevelt's recent speeches that they say many words, but in reality promise nothing, not relief, nor unemployment insurance, not the bonus, nothing for the ruined farmers, and nothing but lynch law and Jim Crowism for the Negroes.

He condemned Thomas for his conspiracy with the other two parties and his plotting with them against the workers, and said that this accounts for the full and favorable publicity Thomas gets in capitalist papers.

Both Roosevelt and Hoover are deceitful, for they have in fact the same program. Both shout about the return of prosperity but there is no prosperity. Here in Ohio unemployment increases.

Forced Labor in Factories

Forced labor of jobless asking relief is transferred to the factories: Otis and Republic Steel and Fisher Body. Workers are murdered as was Olari recently at Akron when they fight evictions. Negroes are lynched as at Ironton.

We are not in a period of returning prosperity, said Ford. We are in a period of wars and revolution, and the workers must fight for themselves.

National Hunger March

Ford quoted from Foster's Chicago speech the united front program of struggle by employed and unemployed, of both races, for insurance, relief and against wage cuts. He called for mass support here for the National Hunger March to culminate in Washington Dec. 5.

It Was Not Mooney; Who Was It?

THE Democratic and Republican parties, Roosevelt and Hoover, Republican and Democrat leaders **are jointly responsible** for the suppression of that portion of the Wickersham Report which establishes beyond question that Mooney and Billings were framed up by California corporations and their government.

Coupled with the Callicote statement the data assembled by the Wickersham Committee (all of it long ago known and made public by the militant working class defenders of Mooney, the Communist Party and the International Labor Defense) prove the innocence of Mooney and Billings so completely that if he were an ordinary prisoner he would now be free.

* * *

It is nonsense to assume that Democratic senators and congressmen could not have forced the publication of the Wickersham report over the opposition of Hoover long before this. It has been suppressed for 14 months. **Why did not Roosevelt, with knowledge of the damaging character of the report for the California capitalists and their courts, with its direct reflection on Hoover's home state government, demand its publications?**

Because Roosevelt is a defender of the corrupt and reactionary capitalist system and wants the support of the California capitalist interests that first tried to hang Mooney and then imprisoned him for life for a crime they know he did not commit.

Senator Hiram Johnson is supporting Roosevelt. Hiram Johnson is one of the bitterest foes of Mooney and the working class. Hiram Johnson is the Republican Party boss of California. He could secure the release of Tom Mooney in the time it would take him to make a telephone call.

The Preparedness Day parade in San Francisco, 1916, was part of the campaign organized under the direction of the National City Bank (J. Pierpont Morgan) to bring the United States into the World War and save the billions of dollars loaned by Wall Street to the allied governments.

The frame-up of Mooney and Billings was used to cover up the monstrous act of provocation—the explosion involving wholesale murder of innocent people for which American finance-capital, and particularly California capitalists, are responsible.

The bloody trail of the murderous provocateurs who organized the explosion and the frameup, and used it to advance the war plans of Wall Street and its Wilson government, leads, and has always led, straight to the police forces and spy organizations of the big California corporations, and straight to the homes and offices of prominent Californian capitalists with whom Senator Hiram Johnson is directly connected.

* * *

THE continued imprisonment of Mooney in the face of the unanswerable evidence of his innocence is explained only by reason of the fact that his release would constitute an admission of his innocence **and the guilt of his persecutors; because it would inflict a damaging blow to the whole fabric of the fiction of impartial American court and judicial procedure in cases involving a clash of class interests.** And also—because of the direct connection of prominent California capitalists and capitalist party politicians with one of the most hideous provocative crimes in all history for the furtherance of the imperialist war which cost the lives of more than 100,000 members of the American working class.

Considering the Mooney case in all its aspects, especially the revelations, which show that neither the lives, liberties or elementary political rights of workers are allowed to stand in the way of the march of the capitalist forces when their class interests are affected, what do the Socialist Party appeals for "justice and democracy" amount to?

To appeal for "justice" at the hands of the capitalists is to deliberately deceive the working class, to suppress the mass struggles by means of which the workers' rights can be defended.

* * *

THE fight for the unconditional release of Mooney must proceed on this basis. No other method will release him to return to the ranks of the working class to whom he belongs and from whom he was taken by the same class and government which is today carrying on the most vicious offensive against American workers ever recorded.

The mass fight for Mooney is an inseparable part of the fight against the capitalist offensive, of the struggle for freedom of the Scottsboro boys and all class war prisoners. It is a part of the fight against the suppression of the political rights, in which Foster and Ford are the standard bearers in the Election Campaign.

Real justice for the workers can be established only with the overthrow of capitalism and the formation of a Workers' and Farmers' government.

Forward with the Communist Party in this task!

Vote Communist!

RESIST POLICE ATTACK IN GIGANTIC DEMONSTRATION DEMANDING NO CUTS IN UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE

Marchers Stream Through Streets Waving Red Flags With Tens of Thousands Along Way Cheering; Communist Leaders Get Ovation

5,000 POLICE, MOUNTED AND FOOT, WITH RIOT CARS, CHARGE CROWD IN HYDE PARK; TERRIFIC STRUGGLE RESULTS; SCORES INJURED

Jobless Tear Up Railings for Clubs, Smash Limousines of the Aristocracy; 60 Injured in Park Including Police Official

LONDON, England, Oct. 27.—**One hundred thousand jobless massed at Hyde Park today, their demonstration led by 4,000 National Hunger Marchers from all industrial centers of England, Scottland and Wales, demanded the Means Test be repealed, demanded relief, demanded food for school children and coal for unemployed families. The Means Test is a law to cut unemployment insurance payments.**

The police, 5,000 of whom had been specially called out for this purpose, attacked the outskirts of the crowd, and instantly a battle broke out along the line. Charging masses of the jobless smashed through police lines, shattered the glass in limousines in which the brutal aristocracy and business men of England were riding, crashed in the fronts of stores and ate food they had been long denied, and fought the police up and down a score of streets around Hyde Park.

Police Charge

Police charged in motor cars, and mounted police, four deep like cavalry, charged the crowd in Hyde Park, trampling old women and men weak from starvation.

But jobless workers tore the railings loose and flailed policemen over the head with them. Others caught up stones from a pile of building material nearby and showered the police with rocks. Sticks carried by hunger marchers for 200 miles were bludgeoned down over the heads of

(CONTINUED ON PAGE THREE)

Police Clubs Guard Food From Hungry



A bakery shop in London, where 100,000 jobless demand food. A policeman, representing the Macdonald government, stands guard to keep the starving workers away.

So much resentment at the starvation, and cutting off of unemployed from jobless insurance under the Means Act, is prevalent, however, that many shops have been rushed and food seized.

BRITISH MARCH PLACES DEMANDS

Capitalist Press Tries to Conceal Numbers

(Cable by Inprecorr)

LONDON, England, Oct. 27.—A total of 4,000 (the official count, though capitalist news sources have been saying 2,000 or 3,000) National Hunger marchers from all over England, Scotland and Wales marched into the heart of London today with red flags flying and bands and bagpipes playing at their head. They had spent the night in London suburbs, and had defeated the plan of the London county council to split them up in small batches scattered in far distant lodgings.



Harry Pollit, secretary of the Communist Party of Great Britain, which has been in the lead of the National Hunger March. Speaker at the Hyde Park demonstration yesterday.

100,000 Mobilize

A hundred thousand (official figure, though the capitalist newspapers try to say 25,000) of London's employed and unemployed workers flocked to meet them, and the whole mass moved on in a solid stream into Hyde Park. By 2 p. m., the hour set for the beginning of the demonstration, Hyde Park was jammed with 100,000 jobless workers, and tens of thousands of others lined the streets, cheering each contingent as it swept along.

Speakers at the demonstration were Harry Pollit, Tom Mann, and Wal Hannington of the National Hunger March Committee.

Delegations Take Demands

Strong delegations were sent off with cheers and thunderous approval to present the demands of the marchers and the masses of London unemployed to the government offices in Westminster and Downing St.

The capitalist newspapers have been conducting a fierce campaign against the march, many of them calling on the government to smash it by force

"Georgia Nigger" Rejected by Negro Paper As "Unprofitable"

'DEFENDER' AIDS WHITE BOSSES

Only the Daily Worker Exposes Tortures

The Daily Worker today brings documentary proof of the charge made in Tuesday's issue that the bourgeois Negro press is actively participating in the campaign to suppress the facts contained in "Georgia Nigger", the book by John L. Spivak, which exposes the torture of Negro workers and farmers on the chain gangs and slave farms of the South. The letter from the "Chicago Defender", the largest Negro paper in the country, a photostatic copy of which is printed here, speaks for itself. It states with cynical frankness that the publication of "Georgia Nigger", with its mass of evidence in the form of photos, official documents and prisoners' letters, **"WOULD NOT BE PROFITABLE".**

What does this mean? To whom would the publication of "Georgia Nigger" not be profitable? To the Negro workers who are being jimcrowed, tortured and oppressed and for whom the "Chicago Defender" pretends to speak? The only conclusion to be drawn is that **the publication of "Georgia Nigger" would not be profitable to the Negro and white exploiters for whom the "Chicago Defender" actually speaks.**

Aids White Bosses.

The "Chicago Defender" thus places itself in the position of aiding the white capitalists and planters in covering up the system under which Negroes are kidnapped and sent to be tortured or murdered on the chain gangs, or are bought for from $5 to $25 to be robbed, terrorized and starved on the slave plantations of the Black Belt. And in this it is joined by the majority of the other bourgeois Negro papers who have refused to publish Spivak's exposures.

The "Chicago Defender" has played a similar role in the Scottsboro case. After at first supporting the mass campaign of the International Labor Defense and the League of Struggle for Negro Rights to free the nine Negro boys, it soon switched to backing the disruptive efforts of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People to stab the defense in the back. The "Chicago Defender" views the Scottsboro case as an isolated incident, a "miscarriage of justice"; it has opposed the world-wide mass campaign organized by the International Red Aid which alone can force the release of the boys. But

(CONTINUED ON PAGE THREE)

* * *

NOTE.—"Georgia Nigger" is the name of a book. The white ruling class term, "nigger", is not used by the Daily Worker. We are unfortunately compelled to use this term because of copyright requirements. The author himself is not sympathetic to the term, but used it in order to bring forth the degrading system which operates against the Negroes—Editor.

THE ROBERT S. ABBOTT PUBLISHING COMPANY
(Incorporated)
PUBLISHERS
The Chicago Defender — World's Greatest Weekly
Abbott's Monthly — A Magazine That's Different
3435 INDIANA AVENUE
CHICAGO

Mr. John L. Spivak
7 Prospect Avenue
Seacliff, L. I., N. Y.

October 4, 1932

Dear Sir:

We acknowledge receipt of your telegram of October 3 regarding the serializing of "Georgia Nigger" in our publication.

We regret very much, but we do not believe that the serializing of this story would be profitable to our organization.

Very truly yours,
THE ROBERT S. ABBOTT PUB. CO.
Neil V. Simpson

Photostatic copy of a letter sent to John L. Spivak, author of the book, "Georgia Nigger," by the Chicago Defender, a Negro paper with a circulation of 100,000.

MAYOR MUZZLES JOBLESS REPS

Relief Conference Is This Sunday

Mayor Joseph V. McKee refused the floor several times to George Gill and Richard Sullivan, of the Unemployed Council, when they tried yesterday to make demands before the Board of Estimates during hearings on the 1933 budget. A big cop backed up the mayor's iron rule, permitting only the bankers to talk. The board voted not to cut any salaries of city officials over $5,000 yearly.

At the same time the Provisional Committee for Winter Relief pointed to these actions as proof of the immediate necessity of all working-class organizations being sure to send delegates to the mass Conference for Winter Relief this Sunday at 10:30 a. m. at the New Star Casino, Park Ave. and E. 107th St. Delegates should be appointed by leading committees, if there is no opportunity to elect them, the committee stated. Credentials should be sent to the committee at 10 E. 17th St.

SYMPOSIUM TONIGHT

A symposium to which candidates of all parties have been invited will be held tonight (Friday) at 8 p.m. at 1157 So. Boulevard, near Home St., under the auspices of the Prospect Workers' Club.

CHILDREN PLAN BIG RALLY SUN.

Will Build Mass Fight On Hunger in Schools

NEW YORK.—A recent conference of public school principals has decided to close 110 children's free bread and milk stations. This is already being put into effect in the working class districts of the city.

As a step to mobilize resistance against the hunger program of the bosses, the Young Pioneers have plunged into the election campaign by arranging a Foster-Ford-Patterson rally for October 30, at 2 p.m. in the Central Opera House, 67th St. and Third Ave. Leading candidate of the Communist Party will address this rally. A musical program, plays, and Pioneer stunts will be additional features at the Foster-Ford-Patterson rally Speakers at the rally will be William L. Patterson, Communist candidate for Mayor of New York City, and Moissaye J. Olgin, candidate in the 24th Congressional District.

OAKLEY JOHNSON TO SPEAK

Oakley Johnson, Secretary of the John Reed Club, will lecture on "Academic Freedom" at the Proletcult, 40 W. 13th St., tomorrow at 8:30 p. m.

VOTE COMMUNIST

STARTS NEW FIGHT ON SCOTTSBORO

Demand the Release of Wright and Williams

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Oct., 27.—George W. Chamlee, Southern attorney for the International Labor Defense, today instituted heabeas corpus proceedings to force the Alabama lynch courts to release Roy Wright and Eugene Williams, two of the youngest of nine Scottsboro victims.

Roy Wright has been held in jail for over a year and half despite the fact that there is no conviction against him. In the original mock trial at Scottsboro, Ala., at which the eight other boys were railroaded to lynch death verdicts, the jury failed to reach a decision in the case of Roy Wright.

The lynch death conviction against Eugene Williams was reversed by the Alabama Supreme Court as a result of the energetic defense work of the I. L. D. attorneys and the thunderous protests of white and Negro workers against the lynch verdicts. The court upheld the convictions against the seven other boys

Mass Drive Needed

Only the widest mass defense campaign, supporting the habeas corpus proceedings started by the I. L. D., can free these two boys. Only by building and intensifying the mass fight for all nine of the boys can the working class stop the legal murder of the seven other boys on whose appeal the United States Supreme Court has postponed its decision until after the elections. Workers and their organizations are urged to pass resolutions demanding the release of these boys. Resolutions should be sent to Gov. Miller of Alabama, at Montgomery, Ala., and to the U. S. Supreme Court at Washington, D. C.

N. Y. AMERICAN PRINTERS' STRIKE

300 Job Shops Post Notices of Pay Cut

NEW YORK.—Two hundred men, linotypers, proof readers and hand compositors in the New York American composing room struck last night just as the first edition of the paper was being finished. They were still on strike at the time the Daily Worker went to press.

The shop foreman was refusing to properly rotate the substitute printers as the union by-laws and the contract between the publishers and Local No. 6 ("Big Six") of the International Typographical Union provides. The foreman of the shop refused to recognize and discuss the matter with shop chairman, who is required by the union law to oversee the rotation of substitute men. The local union organizer called the men out.

The newspaper publishers and officials of the union had the new contract, containing demands for heavy wage cuts and interference with the priority rights sent to arbitration some time ago.

Job Printers Wage Cut

Meanwhile over 300 shops in the book and job branch of the printing industry in New York have served notice on their employes that the contract for 16 per cent wage cut in day shifts, twelve and half per cent cut in night shifts, and partial abolitions of priority, is now in effect.

This contract was voted down Oct. 19 by 4400 to 2900 approximately on referendum of the job and book printer

FORCE BAIL OF STUDENT MILITANTS

Trial Set Tuesday As 350 Protest

URGE MASS DEFENSE

College, Police, Court Push Frame-Up

Fearing further mass action, Magistrate Anthony Buyke in Washington Heights Court today postponed the trials of three students and one professor arrested Wednesday night when police attacked a demonstration of 1,000 students at City College. They will be tried Tuesday at 2 p. m. in the same court before Judge Benjamin Sirenstan on 151st Street, near Amsterdam Ave. Workers and students, are urged to be present.

About 350 students crowded inside and outside of Washington Heights Court yesterday demanding the release of the four defendants. Three of them, Donald Henderson, Economics Instructor at Columbia University, Nat Sauberman and Karl Amat, students, are framed up for "disorderly conduct." The fourth, Norman Rafsky, son of a retired New York police lieutenant, is charged falsely with "felonious assault" and "disorderly conduct."

Mass Defense.

After trying every technical trick to prevent it, Magistrate Buqke finally was forced by the masses of students at court to release the first three on $500 bail each and the fourth Rafsky on $1,000 bail. Professors and students during the hearing raised the necessary money for bail. Speeches condemning the frame-ups and demanding freedom for the victims were delivered in front of the court. More money is to be collected among the students of both Columbia and City College to finance the defense. Allen Taub, International Labor Defense attorney, is representing the defendants.

About 1,000 students stormed 54th Street Court Wednesday night when the four accused were taken there before Magistrate August Dreyer after the City College demonstration. The Magistrate ordered a general police attack and clubbing when all of the demonstrators followed their arrested comrades to the court. Although 17 of their number were arrested, the students stood fast and continued their demands for the freedom of Henderson and the others.

Force Releases.

Their militancy and mass protests finally forced the Magistrate to adjourn court, after finding the 17 guilty of "disorderly conduct" and suspending their sentences. The four arrested at City College were released in Attorney Taub's care.

A statement signed by all four defendants yesterday condemned President F. B. Robinson and the other administrators of City College for using police clubs and brute force to suppress the rights of the students to any sort of free thinking or expression. Police who attacked Wednesday night's meeting were called by the administration in support of its reactionary policies against the interests of the students, they declared.

National Bulletin Ready

NEW YORK.—The National Information and Organization Bulletin of the Unemployed Councils is for sale in bundle lots at 75 cents a hundred and $5 a thousand at all main Unemployed Council centers. It sells for one cent a copy.

It contains the National Committee's resolutions and directions for organising the march, articles describing the local struggles, the fight for the ballot for jobless workers, community fund racketeering, etc.

What's On—

FRIDAY

Rehearsal of W. I. R. Chorus at 8 p.m. at 122 Second Ave. All invited.

* * *

Workers' Laboratory Theatre of the W. I. R. has moved to 42 E. 12th St. More members are needed.

* * *

All bookings for W. I. R. Chorus must be made two weeks in advance at 122 Second Ave.

* * *

Steve Katovis Br. I. L. D.—Regular Meeting—8 p.m., at 16 E. Third St.

* * *

Tremont Workers' Club. Lecture: "The Fifteenth Anniversary of the Soviet Union"—Speaker: Fred Biedenkamp; at 3075 Clinton Ave., Bronx. Piano recital will precede lecture.

* * *

American Youth Fed.—Lecture: "Science and Education in U. S. and Soviet Union." Speaker: Sam Don; 8:30 p.m, at 133 W. 14th St.

* * *

W. I. R. Chorus—Rehearsal—8 p.m. at 122 Second Ave. All English-speaking workers and students are invited to participate.

* * *

Bronx Workers' Club—Ratification Meeting of C. P. Local Candidates—8:30 p.m., at 1610 Boston Road.

* * *

Yorkville Unemployed Council—Box Party and Dance—8 p.m., at 330 E. 81st St. Good Program and Negro Jazz Band. Adm. 15c.

* * *

Y. C. L. Yorkville—Open Forum—Topic: "Why Self-Determination of the Black Belt?"—8 p.m., Hungarian Workers' Home, 336 E. 81st St.

* * *

Manhattan Workers' Club—Lecture on "October Revolution"—8 p.m. at 48 Charles St. Admission free.

* * *

Red Sparks Athletic Club—Symposium: "Whom Should You Vote For?"—at 333 Sheffield Ave., Brooklyn. Admission free.

* * *

Youth Conference and Entertainment—to discuss problems of Latin-American Youth in Harlem—at 1533 Madison Ave. Dancing. Admission free.

* * *

Brownsville Sec. U. C. W. C. W.—Lecture: "Fifteen Years of Soviet Rule"—Speaker: B. Friedman, at 1813 Pitkin Ave.

* * *

Concourse Workers' Club—Open-Air Meeting at 170th St. and Walton Ave.

* * *

Downtown Br. F. S. U.—Lecture: "Socialist Construction vs. Capitalist Decay"—Speaker: J.P. Rosenbaum, at 216 E. 14th St.

* * *

Brownsville Br. F. S. U.—Lecture: "How the Soviet System Works—Speaker: S. Shlaroff; at 464 Bristol St.

* * *

Karl Marx Br. F. S. U.—Open-Air Meeting—at 158th St. and Broadway, at 8 p.m. Speaker: M. Sand.

* * *

Vegetarian Workers' Center—Lecture: "Fascism and Communism"—Speaker: Dr. Liker, at 502 Sixth Ave.

Heard Judge Order Attack on Students

By OAKLEY JOHNSON

"Now will you let me run my court?" Judge August Dreyer shouted at Allan Taub, lawyer for the seventeen demonstrating City College students who were arrested Wednesday night before the Court building.

Nearly 1,000 City College students, led by the Liberal Club, had held a protest meeting on the campus earlier in the evening, and had marched through the College halls shouting their demand that the ban on the Liberal Club be lifted and that Oakley Johnson, last year's faculty advisor of the Club, be reinstated. They had been clubbed by police who were called by the college officials. Dr. Paul Linehan, Director of the Evening Session, had personally pointed to student after student asking the police to arrest them. Two girls had been knocked unconscious, and Donald Henderson and three City College students had been arrested and rushed to the police station.

Won't Be Cowed

Then the protesting students had gone in a body to the court at 314 West 54th Street, but the police would not allow them to enter. The students paraded back and forth shouting in unison for the release of the four prisoners.

"What were they doing?" Judge Dreyer, acting as both prosecutor and judge, asked the police witness.

"They kept on shouting," said the stolid cop.

"What were they saying when they shouted?" asked the prosecutor Judge.

"They kept saying, 'Free our fellow students! Free our fellow students!'"

Insist on Rights

Allen Taub pointed out to the judge that these defendants were not rowdies, nor criminals, but were outraged students protesting against police rowdyism and brutality inflicted upon the students while they were insisting upon their right to hold meetings.

Judge Dreyer became enraged.

"I was the one that ordered these men arrested," he shouted, "I sent the police down there."

"Are you the complainant against them?" Taub asked.

"I told the police to clear the street," the judge returned, angrily. "I couldn't even tend to my work for the shoutin' that was goin' on. You couldn't hear a person talk in this court." Then he added, "Demonstrations like this should be stopped, and I'm going to stop it."

Judge Prosecutes

The judge tried to get the students to plead 'guilty' by promising to give them a suspended sentence, but they refused to plead guilty. Finally, 'running' the court as he wanted to, he arbitrarily adjudged the seventeen demonstrating students 'guilty' and, giving them 'a suspended sentence' in order to make sure that they would have a police record from now on, and also in order to protect his police from law suits which the students' parents might institute if the students were declared innocent, he released all the students.

Meanwhile, the trial of Donald Henderson, Nat Sauverman, Karl Amat, and Norman Rafsky, the four originally arrested on the campus of City College and on behalf of whom the demonstration before the court was made, was postponed untill the next day.

Mass Meeting Oct. 30 At Cooper Union to Hear Intellectuals

NEW YORK.—Balked in their attempt to arrange a public debate with representatives of the Thomas and Maurer Committee of Ten Thousand, the writers, artists, teachers and other intellectuals, organized as the League of Professional Groups for Foster and Ford, is holding a mass meeting in Cooper Union Sunday evening October 30.

At this meeting, Waldo Frank will speak on "The Intellectual and the Revolution," Elmer Rice will speak for the dramatists, Malcolm Cowley for the critics, Hugo Gellert for the artists, Eugene Gordon for the Negro intellectuals, John Herrmann for the Novelists, and James Rorty for the poets. Earl Browder will speak for the Communist Party.

Tickets for this important meeting can be had at the Workers Bookshop, 50 East 13th Street.

White Chauvanist Trial Sunday at the Ambassador Hall

The trial for white chauvinism of Ralph Kramer, old Communist Party member, charged with having imperialist, ruling class ideology, will be held next Sunday at 1 p.m. at Ambassador Hall, 3861 Third Ave. All workers urged to attend.

Chain Upholstery Co. Workers Out on Strike

The workers of the Chain Upholstery Co., which has branches in Astoria, Jamaica, and Flushing, L. I., have gone out on strike for better conditions, and for recognition of the Furniture Workers Industrial Union.

All furniture workers are called on to come down to union headquarters at 108 E. 14th St. to help in picketing.

YCL Calls Sam Brown Protest Meet Tonight

The Downtown Section of the Young Communist League has issued a call to all workers to attend a Sam Brown protest meeting to be held at Astoria Hall, 62 E. 4th St. tonight, at 8 p.m. Speakers at the rally will include those workers who were arrested and jailed for their participation in the protest meeting held in front of Judge Aurelio's home

N. Y. WORKER TO SCORE TERROR

Prepare for Protest Demonstration Sat.

NEW YORK, Oct., 27.—Preparations are being pushed ahead for the mass demonstration that will be held Saturday, at 1:30 p.m., in front of the Italian Consulate to protest against the new wave of terror unleashed by fascism against the Italian workers and demand the immediate and unconditional release of all political prisoners.

The United Front committee organized under the auspices of the International Labor Defense is calling upon all Italian workers and mass organizations to mobilize their members for the protest demonstration which will storm the Italian Consulate with the militant demand for a real amnesty to all political prisoners and not for the fake amnesty promised by Mussolini in his Milan speech to all those who "submit" to the dictotorship of capital.

The International Labor Defense is likewise calling upon all workers, native and foreign born, Negro and white, to join in this demonstration which will also protest against the persecution of foreign born workers and the espionage activity of the worthy representatives of the bloody fascist reaction.

A delegation of workers and intellectuals will present to the Italian Consul the demands of the United Front Committee for the Liberation of all Italian political prisoners. The workers participating in the demonstration will back up the delegation with a thundering protest.

CLOAKMAKERS ADOPT PROGRAM

2,000 Called for United Struggle in Shops

NEW YORK.—At the call of the left wing group of the cloakmakers' union, two thousand came to Cooper Union meeting, discussed the present situation in the trade, adopted a program for united action in the shops and elected 15 delegates to present it to the conference with the so-called "circle" (Lovestone group), which will be held Saturday, Oct. 29, at 1 o'clock at Webster Hall. This program calls for the immediate organization of joint action committees in the shop to take up a struggle for better conditions and for the enforcement of the agreement, the 40-hour week, week work, etc.

It proposes organization of the unemployed to demand unemployment relief and insurance from the bosses, control of the existing unemployment funds in the local, struggle against evictions, etc.; that the fight for this program be taken up in the locals but at the same time a rank and file committee be eected whose purpose it is not to wait for the local officials who have shown that they are not concerned with the interests of the workers, but for the rank and file committee to immediately initiate and carry through such struggles.

I. Silkowitz presided at the meeting and J. Levy reported on the program. A committee of the Industrial Union, consisting of Louis Hyman, J. Boruchowitz, J. H. Cohen, M. Levine and Harry Kessler came as a delegation to this meeting. They were greeted with enthusiasm. The cloakmakers rose to their feet when the committee of the Industrial Union came into the hall.

The conference endorsed the Communist candidates in this election.

Demonstrate at Judge's Home! Free Jim Ford!

The Bronx Section of the International Labor Defense calls upon all workers to demonstrate Saturday at 1 p.m. in front of Judge De Luca's home, 220th St. and White Plains Rd., to protest the one year of imprisonment imposed by this judge upon James Ford, child leader in the Pioneers. Judge De Luca pronounced this savage sentence upon young Ford as a result of the fight against discrimination at the Bronxdale swimming pool. The child was arrested while taking pictures at the pool.

The Bronx Section of the Communist Party and the Young Communist League urge all workers to support this demonstration, which will be opened by an open-air meeting, at which two Communist election candidates will speak.

The International Labor Defense calls upon all workers to pack the Coney Island Workers' Center, Mermaid Ave. and 27th St., Friday, Oct. 28, at 8 p.m., to rouse huge protests that will force the release of the militant Negro worker, Sam Brown.

Labor Union Meetings

METAL WORKERS

A general membership meeting of the Metal Workers' Industrial Union will take place tonight at 8 p.m. at Irving Plaza Hall, Irving Place and 15th St., New York. All sections of the union must attend this meeting—novelty section, iron, bronze, light and heavy metal.

* * *

To celebrate the formation of the Brooklyn Local of the Metal Workers' Union there will be a house warming affair this Saturday night at the Union Hall, 5121 Third Ave., Brooklyn. There will be music, entertainment and eats, etc. Don't forget to come. Admission is 25 cents.

* * *

OFFICE WORKERS

The Office Workers' Union will hold a Hallowe'en Dance tonight at Manhattan Lyceum, 66 E. Fourth St. Dancing, refreshments and special features will be offered. Admission is 40 cents.

* * *

DRESSMAKERS

The Dressmakers' Unity Committee will hold an open forum this Sunday at 11 a.m. at the Bridge Plaza Workers' Club, 285 Rodney St., Brooklyn. L. Davidson and Tillie Bilgore will speak on how the dressmakers can organize to fight for better conditions.

* * *

LAUNDRY WORKERS

The Union Workers' Club, 801 Prospect Ave., is arranging a concert and dance for Saturday night in the club headquarters for the benefit of the Laundry Workers' Industrial Union.

Rallies, Torch Parades and Debates in Red Campaign

Weinstone, Patterson, Nesin, Powers, Amter Speaking Tonight; 2 Days of Active Drive

NEW YORK.—Outdoor rallies, torch parades, indoor lectures and symposiums will be held throughout New York City today and tomorrow by the New York State United Front Communist Election Campaign Committee in its semi-final wind-up of the city election drive.

Section 1 of this district of the Communist Party will hold a central rally on Friday evening at Ludlow and Delancey Streets, with a preliminary meeting at Rivington and Pitt Street. Joseph Porper, candidate in the 12th Senatorial District, Harry Bellinson, candidate in the 4th Assembly District, Pioneer Harry Sirota will address this rally which will be preceded by a torch parade.

A lecture will be held tonight, at 8 p.m., at the Down Town Workers Club, 11 Clinton St., with L. Schwartz as the main speaker.

Weinstone At Symposium

William W. Weinstone, candidate for the U. S. Senate, will represent the Communist Party at an election symposium tonight, 8 p.m. in Christ Church, 344 W. 36th St.

Patterson in Lower Bronx

A rally this evening at 136th St. and Brown Place will be addressed by William L. Patterson, Communist candidate for Mayor. The rally will be preceded by a torchlight parade which will start at Kelly and Fox Streets.

Rally in Harlem

A rally will be held this evening in Harlem, at 146th St. and 7th Ave.

Nesin in Section 6

Sam Nesin, recently returned from the Soviet Union, will address a rally this evening in Williamsburg at the Grand Street extension.

Powers in Coney Island

George E. Powers, candidate for Chief Justice of the Court of Appeals, will be one of the main speakers at a rally this evening at Brighton Beach Ave. and 7th St. Coney Island. Other speakers will include L. De Santes, candidate in the 8th Congressional District, and Bill Friedman.

Israel Amter, Communist candidate for Governor of New York, will be the main speaker at two rallies in Yonkers, this evening. They will be at Lockwood Ave., and Saw Mill River Blvd., and at Main Street and Warburton Ave. Parades will precede these rallies.

Upper Bronx Ratification Meet

Section 15 of the Communist Party will hold an indoor ratification meeting this evening at the Bronx Workers Club, 1610 Boston Road, with speakers including Isaac Stamler, candidate for the Supreme Court, and Benjamin Levy, candidate in the 7th Assembly District.

In additional, there will be a rally at Allerton and Cruger Ave., and an election symposium in the Bronx House, 1637 Washington Ave., this evening. Moisaye Olgin, candidate in the 24th Congressional District, will represent the Communist Party at the Bronx House symposium.

STUDENTS DANCE RECITALS TO GIVE SECOND COURSE

A second dance course will be given by the Students Dance Recitals at the Washington Irving High School. The dancers who will appear follows: The Ruth St. Denis Dancers, Nov. 12; Dance Center Ballet in "Petrouschka" with Felicia Sorel and Gluck Sandor, Dec. 24; Elsa Findlay Dancers, Jan. 28; Miriam Marmein, Feb. 11; Chalif Dancers, April 8, and Dance Center Ballet in "Salome," with Sorel-Gluck Sandor-Losee, May 6th.

Subscription tickets to the above course of six recitals is $2 and can be obtained at the office of the Students Dance Recitals, 32 Union Sq.

LINEN SUPPLIERS STRIKING TODAY

Fight Wage Cuts and Discrimination

NEW YORK.—The Brotherhood of Linen Suppliers, an independent union of workers in the coat, apron and linen supply shops, has declared a general strike of all workers in the linen supply industry against continued wage-cuts and the lock-out of some who were active in organising the union. The strike begins this morning, Oct. 28. The strike hall is Manhattan Lyceum, 66 E. Fourth St., near Third Ave.

The bosses' association, an iron-bound racket, is fighting competitors who want to come into the industry, and they want the workers to carry the burden of the fight. Some bosses were not satisfied with cutting wages several times, but held the workers responsible for lost linen when stores or cafeterias moved or closed up. Some bosses even deducted repair expenses when the drivers met with accidents. Besides that the bosses were weeding out the old-timers and breaking in new men for less pay.

The workers asked the bosses for a conference to settle the grievances, but in answer to this some of the most active workers in the organization were locked out. The general strike is being called for the following demands: Return of the last wage-cut, reinstatement of all workers on their jobs, recognition of the union and no discrimination against active union members.

O'NEAL OF S. P. FLEES QUESTIONS

Hathaway's Call For Struggle Cheered

NEW YORK.—James O'Neal Socialist candidate for Congress and editor of the New Leader, turned tail and fled from a debate with Clarence Hathaway, Communist candidate in the 3d Congressional District, Wednesday night at the Woodside Masonic Hall, when workers from the audience thundered questions at him on the treachery of the Socialist Party to the working class. The debate was held under the auspices of the German Workers' Sick and Death Benefit Society.

Willing to utilize the time given him in attacking the Communist Party, which he claimed "was planning a Utopia and that it was too impractical to establish its program in the United States", O'Neal, when it was his turn to answer questions from the audience, angrily declared that the debate was a "Communist trap", and left the meeting in a huff.

CITY ELECTION NOTES

FRIDAY, OCT. 28

169th St. and Washington Ave. Speaker: Lapin.

181st St. and Prospect Ave. Speakers: Braun and Kaufman.

154th St. and Ninth Ave., 12, noon. Speakers: Members of Food Workers' Industrial Union.

Election Symposium at Christ Church, 344 W. 36th St., at 8 p.m. William W. Weinstone, candidate for the U. S. Senate, will represent the Communist Party.

Court and Carroll Sts. Speakers: A. Olken and H. Vincent.

19th Ave. and 86th St. Speaker: S. Licht.

86th St. and 13th Ave. Speakers to be announced.

Rally at Seventh St. and Brighton Beach Ave. Speakers: L. De Santos, Powers, Bill Friedman.

Prince and Sullivan Sts. at 8 p.m. Speaker: M. Cullen.

12th St. and Ave. A at 8 p.m. Speaker: Helen Lynch.

10th St. and Ave. C at 8 p.m. Speaker: A. Markoff.

14th St. and Ave. A. Speaker: J. Sirota, 8 p.m.

Claremont Parkway and Washington Ave. Speakers: James Steele, candidate 4th Assembly District; M. E. Taft and Joe Kiss.

174th St. and Vyse Ave. Speakers: Rose Chernin, candidate 6th Assembly District; J. Schiller, M. Rich, Sam Conschak, candidate 23rd Senatorial District.

187th St. and Camberling Ave. Speakers: L. Hoffman and others.

Fordham Road and Walton Ave. Speaker: Peter Starr.

Allerton and Cruger Ave. Speakers: B. Barkin, Leo Taback and A. Bederson.

180th St. and Daly Ave. Jack Morrison, speaker.

Join Dorfman Picket Line This Morning

The Needle Trades Workers Industrial Union has issued a call to all workers, and especially knit goods workers, to mobilize tomorrow morning at 7:30 a. m. on the picket line at the Meyer Dorfman Knitting Mills, 218 Bedford Ave., Brooklyn.

TONIGHT!
HALLOWE'EN DANCE
Office Workers Union
FRIDAY NIGHT
OCTOBER 28th
At Manhattan Lyceum
66 E. 4th St., New York City
Refreshments—Program
ADMISSION 40 CENTS

MASS PROTEST AGAINST HOOVER

Mobilize At Garden Monday at 8 p. m.

NEW YORK.—The workers of New York will "pay their respects" to Herbert Hoover on Monday, October 31, at 8 p.m. at Madison Sq. Garden. Hoover, whose government has given no relief to the 16 million unemployed, whose police and army have murdered five veterans and three babies, will be shown in New York City by the 1,150,000 unemployed and the hundreds of thousands of veterans here what they think about him and his Wall Street government.

The Negro workers especially have reason to hate this tool of Wall Street who talks about "up-holding conditions of the Negroes in this country for 70 years" as lynching continues unabated. Hoover's stagger system, at the expense of the employed workers, is teaching the workers who still have jobs that Wall Street's plan is that workers shall share their misery with one another while profits continue.

Franklin D. Roosevelt came to New York on Wednesday at 4 a.m. more than a day early. He did so, as is definitely known, for fear of the demonstration that would be given him by the workers of New York if he arrived on schedule. This talkative, smiling coward dared not meet the anger of the workers of New York face to face, but answers them with police clubs. He protects the State Superintendent of Banks who is responsible for the crash of the Bank of the United States. In due time, the workers will let Roosevelt know what they think about him.

We will see what Hoover does. He is scheduled to be at Madison Sq. Garden Monday at 8 p.m.

All out Monday night at Madison Sq. Garden at 49th St. and Eighth Ave., near the main entrance to greet Hoover.

White and Negro workers, unemployed and ex-soldiers, let Hoover know what the New York workers think about him and the Wall St. U. S. government!

"THE LAST INSULT" SHOWS NEW WAY OF LIFE IN U. S. S. R.

An opportunity to see a more intimate view of Soviet Life than is afforded by the usual picture is the treat in store at the Acme Theatre's presentation of "The Last Insult," an Amkino release. This picture, unlike the formalized dramatic offerings usually on view, is typical of the educational films released in the Soviet Union and authentically records the daily life in home, streets and schools.

"The Last Insult," released as a part of the adult education campaign and dealing with the education of children by modern methods as opposed to the theory of "Spare the rod and spoil the child," rises, by virtue of its sympathetic characterization into a story in its own right. In the simple story of Citizen Chukulayev, who taught her children as she had been taught in the old days, and who learned finally that children must never be beaten, we are taken into the average worker's home, see rich and colorful studies of the day to day life in the streets, schools and shops. Here is great sightseers' tour through Moscow Province that can be bettered only by an actual trip; and through it is delicately woven the story of the adjustment of mother and children to a new way of life.

MIDTOWN RED SUNDAY CALL

Workers of the midtown section are urged to apply this Sunday all day at 418 West 53rd St., for participation in the Red Sunday election activities.

Garment District

WORKERS PATRONIZE
CENTURY CAFETERIA
154 West 28th Street
Pure Food Proletarian Prices

Bronx

MEET YOUR COMRADES AT THE
Cooperative Dining Club
ALLERTON AVENUE
Cor. Bronx Park East
Pure Foods Proletarian Prices

Classified

BEAUTIFUL FURNISHED ROOM—Light, 2 windows. With comrades. 136 East 17th St., Room 21.

Wheat Prices Crash; Lowest in 340 Years

The price of wheat on the world markets descended Wednesday to the lowest level in the history of United States. It went down in foreign markets lower than it has been in the last 340 years, lower in England than it has been since the year 1592.

Wheat for December delivery stood yesterday in the Chicago market at 44 and one eighth cents a bushel, which means about 34 cents for the nearby farmers, and less for the others. Kansas wheat is reported by capitalist economists to be selling at just about one fourth the cost to the farmer of raising it. Many rural wheat buying agents have simply shut up shop in the face of the catastrophe.

Bread Costs As Much

Meanwhile the price of bread remains the same as it was when wheat sold for over a dollar a bushel, around 8 to 10 cents a loaf. The so-called "returning prosperity" recently hailed by the capitalist press, politicans and economists, has struck down the farmer into ruin continues to starve its millions of city workers. United struggle of the jobless and employed workers in the cities and the farm strikers for higher prices to the farmers and lower prices to the city workers must go on. Vote Communist against a system that is dealing the farmer the worst blow in 340 years and filling the cities with ragged hungry families!

Browder Speaks Today At N. Y. University On C. P. Program

NEW YORK. — Earl Browder, Communist candidate in the 20th Congressional District, will speak at the New York University, Washington Square, today at noon, at an election meeting arranged for the students by the National Students League.

The bankrutcy of culture under capitalism, the encouragement of culture in the Soviet Union by the Workers' government, and the favarbale position which cultural development will hold when a workers' government is established in the United States will be some of the questions discussed at this meeting.

VOTE COMMUNIST

NOV. 6th MEET TO BUILD MASS FIGHT AGAINST HUNGER

Unemployed Council Calls for Support of Election Rally

NEW YORK.—The voice of the workers demanding adequate unemployment relief, which the bosses' politicians at the Board of Estimate hearing Thursday, received so cooly, will be heard in a mighty roar as a challenge to the entire capitalist class and its Republican, Socialist and Democratic henchmen, when thousands of workers will gather in Madison Sq. Garden to attend the final election rally and celebration of the 15th Anniversary of the Soviet Union which the Communist Party will hold on Sunday, November 6, at 7 p.m.

Carl Winter, candidate for Senate in the 13th District, who led the committee from the Unemployed Council to the hearing on the budget held by Tammany officials yesterday, issued a call to all workers to jam Madison Sq. Garden on November 6 to demonstrate in no unmistakable manner that the workers of New York City are prepared to fight tooth and nail against unemployment, wage cuts and for adequate relief for the 1,150,000 jobless workers and their families in New York City.

Foster to Speak

William Z. Foster, Communist candidate for President, Israel Amter, candidate for governor of New York, and William L. Patterson, candidate for mayor of New York City, will address the throngs of workers at the Communist rally in the Garden.

Victimized Depositors To Demand Broderick Pay With R.F.C. Loan

A committee of victimized depositors of the Bank of U. S., will appear before Bank Superintendent Broderick Saturday at 10 a.m ; to demand that the Reconstruction Finance Corp. carry out its promise to extend a loan with which to pay them off. Many of these depositors are now in dire distress and they demand that the government move to help them as well as the bankers and railroads interests.

ANNOUNCEMENT
Dr. Louis L. Schwartz
SURGEON DENTIST
Announces
The removal of his office to larger quarters at
1 Union Square (8th Floor)
Suite 803 Tel. ALgonquin 4-2565

DR. JULIUS LITTINSKY
107 Bristol Street
(Bet. Pitkin & Sutter Aves.) B'klyn
PHONE: DICKENS 2-3012
Office Hours: 8-10 A.M., 1-2, 6-8 P.M.

AMUSEMENTS

HELD OVER 3 DAYS MORE
AMERICAN PREMIERE

THE LAST INSULT
A Sequel to "ROAD TO LIFE"
"The picture is rich in detail . . . Splendid action by the youth of the Soviet Union."—DAILY WORKER.
"The Soviet producers have sent over a worthy companion film to 'The Road to Life' . . ." —N. Y. TIMES
THE WORKERS Acme Theatre
Fifth Street and Union Square

CIVIC REPERTORY 14 St. & 6th Av. WA. 9-7450.
30c., $1, $1.50 Evs. 2:30 Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30
EVA LE GALLIENNE, Director
Tonight and Sat. Matinee: "LILIOM"
Saturday Evening: "CAMILLE"

THE THEATRE GUILD presents
THE GOOD EARTH
dramatized by Owen Davis and Donald Davis from the PULITZER PRIZE NOVEL
By Pearl S. Buck
GUILD THEA., 52nd St., W. of Broadway
Evs. 8:30. Mats. Thursday & Saturday 2:30

There's Always a Better Show at R.K.O.
MAYFAIR B'WAY & 41 ST.
"WASHINGTON MERRY-GO-ROUND"
with TRACY and CONSTANCE CUMMINGS
Daily to 1 P. M. 35c—11 P. M. to close 50c

RIALTO B'WAY & 42 ST.
7TH BIG WEEK
'GOONA-GOONA'
WATCH FOR SOVIET 15TH ANNIVERSARY FILM
Buy R.K.O. Thrift Books and Save 10%

BUNDLE ORDERS FOR SPECIAL 15th SOVIET ANNIVERSARY EDITION MUST REACH THE DAILY WORKER BY NOVEMBER FIRST!

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All Work Done Under Personal Care of DR. JOSEPSON

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New York City
COMRADELY ATMOSPHERE

Attention Comrades!
OPEN SUNDAYS
Health Center Cafeteria
Workers Center — 50 E. 13th St.
Quality Food Reasonable Prices

EAT AT THE
ROYAL CAFETERIA
827 BROADWAY
Between 12th & 13th Sts.)
Royal Dishes for the Proletariat
OUR WORKERS MEMBERS OF F.W.U.O.

THE CORNER STORE
Operated by
B. L. & M. DEPT. STORES, Inc.
WE CARRY COMPLETE LINES OF MEN'S, LADIES AND CHILDREN'S FURNISHINGS : ALSO WHITE GOODS, BLANKETS, SHOES AND LEATHER CLOTHING
EVERY PURCHASE A BARGAIN
125th STREET, CORNER 5th AVENUE NEW YORK CITY
Special attention given to workers and groups leaving for Soviet Russia

CAMP NITGEDAIGET
Open for the Indian Summer and Fall
The best time of the year for rest, hiking, games, social recreation
The hotel is equipped with steam heat and all modern facilities.
Come and enjoy the exhilarating atmosphere of the late fall season in comfort while building yourself back to health.
The same reduced rates will prevail
$12.50 PER WEEK
[Autos will leave from Bronx Co-operative as usual.
For information telephones ESTABROOK 8-1400]

GET YOUR RESERVED SEAT NOW
for the
15TH ANNIVERSARY CELEBRATION
of the
RUSSIAN REVOLUTION
and
FINAL ELECTION RALLY
SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 6, AT 7:00 P. M.
at
MADISON SQUARE GARDEN
50th Street and Eighth Avenue

Speakers:
WM. Z. FOSTER
COMMUNIST CANDIDATE FOR PRESIDENT
I. AMTER
CANDIDATE FOR GOVERNOR
H. SHEPPARD
CANDIDATE FOR LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR
Pageant of the Successful Completion of First Five-Year Plan
WORKERS CHORUS OF 500
W. I. R. BAND
Admission with this coupon 35 cents. At the door 40 cents. Unemployed admitted with free tickets issued by the Unemployed Councils.—ONLY 1,500 SEATS AT $1.00 TO BE PURCHASED AT 50 EAST 13th STREET.

'NOT PROFITABLE', SAYS 'DEFENDER'

Only the Daily Worker Exposes Tortures

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE)

"Georgia Nigger" proves unanswerably that the Scottsboro frame-up is not an isolated incident, but is part and parcel of the entire system of lynch-law, peonage, Negro disfranchisement and chain-gang torture. And just as it opposes the mass struggle to free the Scottsboro boys, the "Chicago Defender" opposes mass publicity for the conditions exposed in "Georgia Nigger."

Answer Misleaders!

Only the Daily Worker, which fights for the interests of all toilers, black and white, has dared to publish the facts in "Georgia Nigger" and to expose this infamous suppression campaign. The Daily Worker draws the logical conclusions from the revelations in "Georgia Nigger" and tells the American workers that such barbarous conditions can be wiped out only by a determined struggle for equal rights for Negroes and for self-determination in the Black Belt, where they are a majority of the population. The "Chicago Defender" is opposed to this, one of the chief immediate demands in the Communist election platform. It tells the Negro workers to vote for capitalist candidates, in other words, to vote for the torture, the slavery and oppression exposed in "Georgia Nigger:" Negro and white workers, answer the misleaders of the "Chicago Defender" and the other Negro papers who follow in its tracks —Vote Communist Nov. 8!

BRITISH JOBLESS BATTLE POLICE

100,000 Resist Attack On Hunger March

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE)

police, who were wielding their own clubs on the heads and shoulders of the jobless.

The battle surged up Edgeware Road, around the Regal moving picture theatre, and around the marble arch to the entrance of Hyde Park.

Renewed Struggle.

In a lull in the fighting, one of the most vicious mounted police charges swept through this marble arch and plowed into the crowd in the park, which had not become much involved up to that time. But then they did take part in the struggle, and a renewed battle raged. In spite of the police attack, the crowd stood fast although police finally managed to cut them in two parts along Great Cumberland St.

Chief Inspector Knocked Out.

The official casualty list is 60 injured in Hyde Park alone. Among those wounded is Chief Inspector Oger of Scotland Yard. This particular dick got in the way of a hurled stone. Many other police are injured. Many of the jobless are not included in the official count, as they were clubbed down in streets leading to the park. One hunger marcher was found prostrated and nearly dead from starvation.

There was no fighting until the police made their first raid near the marble arch. Column after column of London jobless marched through streets lined with cheering jobless, and detachment after detachment came down similar applauding lanes from their night lodgings in Wimbledon, Deptford, Brentford, Edmonton, Stratford, Hammersmith, Tottenham, Battersea Greenwich and Stepney—the suburbs of London. They had rested and had been fed, partly by the London workers. An unemployed speaksr at the Hyde Park demonstration told how one hunger marcher, long unemployed, was so upset by the first meal he had had for months that the blood rose in his throat. "We'll make the blood rise in the throat of the National Government!" shouted the speaker, amidst thunderous cheers.

"Down With the National Government!"

Bagpipes and bands played at the head of the marching columns, and the marchers sang the Hunger March Song, the Red Flag, Hold the Fort and other revolutionary songs.

The columns carried red flags with the hammer and sickle, and placards with the demands: "Down with the Means Test!" "Down with the National Government!"

Meanwhile in the House of Commons the speaker of the house sidetracked a motion by one member that a delegation be allowed in from the demonstration.

MacDonald Runs to the King.

Shortly after this MacDonald rushed off to see the King, presumably about the demonstration.

The capitalist press calls it the hardest fighting and biggest demonstration seen in London in many years, even exceeding the seven-hour battle between jobless and police last week.

Spread Nov. 7 Issue of Daily Worker to Defend U. S. S. R.

On Nov. 7, the fifteenth anniversary of the Russian Revolution wide sections of the American workingclass, hitherto unfamiliar with the truth about the U. S. S. R., must be given the opportunity to read the special Daily Worker Nov. 7th edition, and all subsequent issues. This can be done by ordering paid-in-advance bundles of the Nov. 7th edition, for sale and distribution in all working class quarters. . . . . .

If you have not ordered your bundle for Nov. 7, do it NOW! All orders must be received by Nov. 1, at latest. Orders from the midwest and Far West should be wired in order to reach the Daily Worker on time.

TOWARDS 15th ANNIVERSARY OF RUSSIAN REVOLUTION!

SOVIETS REGISTER NEW SUCCESSES IN BUILDING OF SOCIALIST INDUSTRY

Develop Sea, Air Merchant Transport; Use Planes for Fishing, Farming

While in U. S. Bosses Admit Outlook for Capitalist Industry Is Dark

On the eve of the 15th anniversary of the November 7th Revolution new and greater achievements are registered by the Soviets in the prodigious socialist construction which despite obstacles of all kind goes on without let-up.

Dark Outlook in United States

These achievements stand out as living testimonials of the creative ability of the workers and peasants once they are free from the chains of the capitalist system of production. They are in sharp contrast with the continued decline of production in the United States.

Despite the manufactured optimism spread by Hoover's agents "the outlook for the rest of this year and for the early part of 1933," states the "Annalist," a bankers' journal which cannot be suspected of being involved in a 'red whispering campaign," **"is darkened by the fact that the fundamental weaknesses of our situation have not been remedied;** and that the necessary measures, especially the laying of new taxation, will inevitably produce new embarassments."

Progress of Soviet Mercantile Fleet

As against this outlook, rapid progress is being registered in all fields of Soviet production.

The shipping figures for Leningrad harbor created a new high record this year. In all other Baltic harbors the level of shipping dealt with is steadily falling. In Leningrad, however, it is just as steadily rising. This year 2,211 vessels were unloaded and 1,127 loaded, representing a considerable increase on last year's figures.

The Soviet mercantile fleet is steadily increasing in size and modernity. Yesterday the Marty yard in Leningrad launched two new timber carriers of 9,000 tons each. Both vessels were made by the electro-welding process. They will be allotted to the Archangelsk timber trade.

The work for the modernization and extension of the Soviet railway system is also proceeding rapidly. The Colomna works have now turned out the first big locomotive. This model has a speed of over 100 kilometers an hour drawing a train from 18 to 20 passenger coaches. Up to the present the longest passenger trains in the Soviet Union were thirteen coaches.

New Natural Resources Discovered

The scientific exploration and prospecting work being conducted in the Soviet Union is revealing ever new natural resources. In the north of the Soviet Union near Petsonora rich coal deposits have been discovered.

Rapid progress is also being made with regard to the Soviet air fleet. The network of the civil aviation service rose from 26,800 kilometers in 1930 to 42,000 kilometers this year.

The Soviet Union manufactures all its machines in its own factories and from Soviet materials.

The civil air fleet has giant aeroplanes like the Ant-14 which carries forty passengers and is now being produced on a mass scale for use on the main air lines in the Soviet Union, and small machines like the Avionette-G.8, which is now engaged on a trial flight from Moscow to Gorki-Gorod, Saratov, Sebastopol and back to Moscow.

The Leningrad works have just turned out a little machine, Fanera-2, with a 75 H.P. motor to carry three persons. The trials have been entirely satisfactory. The air line Moscow-Leningrad is now regularly flown at night and in fogs. Light signals have been set up along the whole route.

The use of the aeroplane on other fields is also making great progress. Hydroplanes are doing fine work with the Soviet fishing fleets locating shoals. In this way much time is saved and the catch tremendously increased.

The destruction of the catch to keep up prices is an unknown phenomenon in the Socialist Soviet Union. The results of the aeroplane sowings on the big collective and Soviet farms can now be judged accurately.

It transpires that the area sown by areoplanes has produced a 46 per cent better crop than areas sown in the old fashion. Aeroplanes are now being used for artificial fertilization.

Manufactures in USSR to Increase Output in Final Quarter of 1932

MOSCOW.—The final quarter of the current year will see a considerable increase of production in the manufacturing industries. Compared with the final quarter of 1931 the production of cotton stuffs will increase by 219 million yards, representing an increase of 24.2 per cent.

Ten million pairs of socks and stockings will be produced more than were produced in the same period last year, representing an increase of 25.7 per cent.

During the final quarter of this year the boot and shoe manufacturing works will produce 23.8 million pairs. The production of laundry soap will increase by 30.3 per cent and the production of toilet soap by 6.2 per cent.

The production of glassware will increase by 14.4 per cent, china production will increase by 36.4 per cent, and the production of matches will be double that produced in the final quarter of 1931.

BUNDLE ORDERS FOR SPECIAL 15th SOVIET ANNIVERSARY EDITION MUST REACH THE DAILY WORKER BY NOVEMBER FIRST!

Stop the billion-dollar subsidies to the trusts and banks. Immediate unemployment insurance at the expense of the government and employers.

Challenge to Bonus Marchers!

By SAMUEL BRODY

(Workers Film and Foto League)

It is a difficult to write calmly about a film like "Washington Merry-Go-Round." It is as painful to condescend to an analysis and discussion of this open attack on the working-class—and in particular a militant section of it: the bonus marchers—as it would be to write dispassionately about a statement by Hoover that no one has gone hungry during the economic crisis, or a Fish report to Congress on "forced labor" in the Soviet Union.

Vicious Attack on Vets

Here is a hysterical, vicious and unconcealed denunication of the worker-veterans and destitute petti-bourgeois who, defying the tear-gas and bayonets of a capitalist state, marched to Washington to demand their back pay. "Washington Merry-Go-Round" is nothing less than a continuation of the physical struggle against the bonus marchers by different means. The medium employed in this case is the movie, which all respectable bourgeois movie theoreticans and experts have always held up as the supreme art for "popular entertainment" into which only such vulgarians and decorators as the Russians would dare inject political propaganda.

But the faithful boys are all lined up now. Willie Boehnel of the World-Telegram, for instance, states in his review: "It ("Washington Merry-Go-Round") begins by taking a decided stand on the bonus issue." This same Boehnel who works up cold sweats over political propaganda in Soviet films now takes it for granted when Hollywood employs the screen to fight against the interests of the American working class. Boehnel forgets to say that "Washington Merry-Go-Round" ends by "taking a decided stand" on Fascism. That also is probably accepted by him as a matter of course.

Justifies Hoover's Murders

To the heroic marchers who starved and bled and died on the fields of Anacostia in their struggle for bread I report the following: "Washington Merry-Go-Round" labels you as "looters of the treasury," "panhandlers" and "unpatriotic citizens!" It justifies the program carried out upon the orders of Hoover. It calls upon you to either starve where you are or come back to Washington to organize a Fascist army. It blinds every real issue by placing the blame for everything on the shoulders of some influential bootlegger instead of the boss-class as a whole. In short, it might have been directed by Douglas MacArthur instead of James Cruze.

Expose This Film

This outrageous slap in the face of those who are fighting starvation must be exposed and attacked wherever it is shown. The bankers who control the Hollywood cesspools must not for a single moment be permitted to think that the masses will passively swallow attacks of this nature against its political and economic interests.

Raise your voice in your local movie theatre when this film is shown. Compel the management to withdraw it immediately! Veterans, make the struggle against this film a part of your fight for the bonus!

And we've discovered a rat! Maxwell Anderson, a co-author of "Gods of Lightning," helped write the scenario for "Washington Merry-Go-Round."

Soviet Gov't Increases Wages to Cut Labor Turnover in Country

This year's cotton crop is being harvested in the Soviet Union at a record speed, a capitalist press dispatch from Moscow admitted yesteday. It is stated that of the total crop amounting to 1,500,000 tons as compared to 1,000,000 last year, a third had been harvested by October 15th.

At the same time the capitalist press dispatch informed that the grain, beet, flax and other crops are being harvested at a lower speed and are behind last year's.

This is due to the fact that labor turnover is much lower in the cotton fields than elsewhere in the Soviet Union. The workers remain more attached to the fields.

To decrease the labor turnover all over the country, the Council of People's Commissars announced, the dispatch informed, that the wages of tractor mechanics will be raised by 45 per cent on the average from November 7th, with a premium of ten per cent for the first year's work at one job, 15 per cent for the second year and 20 per cent for the third.

VOTE COMMUNIST

Unemployment and Social Insurance at the expense of the state and employers.

Worker Correspondents Tell of Conditions in Shop

Calls for Organization to Defeat Uneeda Co. Large Scale Lay Offs

"Build Shop Committee! Vote Communist in Election!"

New York City

I am a worker of the Uneeda Biscuit Co., and would like to share with you my ideas in regards to conditions prevailing in the factory at present.

For the last two weeks the company keeps on laying off workers in vast numbers. Here is a list laid-off workers for a week ago only:

Twenty workers were laid off in the Uneeda Dept., three workers in the swieback dept., two in the tin dept., three in the icing dept.

One of the workers in the Icing Dept., was working 26 years for the concern. This was the company's gratitude to the worker for her long service. Just compare this case with the conditions in the Soviet Union, where a worker gets his pension after reaching an age where work becomes too hard on him. During the whole summer we were so slow, that the average worker put in not more than 6-8 days a month, and the wages were about $10 to $12 per week; such wages were paid to single or married people.

We all looked forward for the fall, expecting to get busy, but instead of work, the workers were laid off and the rest of us will have to work part time—the same conditions as we had during the summer.

Nabisco workers! We must fight to improve the conditions for ourselves and our families by building shop committees. We must try to fight for shorter hours, better wages, and insurance at the expense of the bosses and the state!

This is what the Communist Party is fighting for. Support the Communist Party. VOTE COMMUNIST!

—A Uneeda Worker.

Bosses of Sparrow Point Try to Divide Up Workers of Plant

Sparrows Point, Md.

One of our hardest problems in reaching our shopmates in the Sparrows Point plant of the Bethlehem Steel Co. is the scattered way in which the workers live. The live in so many different places that we cannot mention them all, and they have to travel all the way from 2½ to over 20 miles to their work. Some of them even live as much as 35 miles away. I used to wonder why workers of Sparrows Point were scattered over such a broad expanse of territory.

But after realizing the situation, I can see that this is no accident. It is a very clever move on the part of the bosses. This prevents large numbers of workers coming together outside of the mills into a solid body.

A Steel Worker.

Chats with Our Worcorrs

The correspondence on the Sparrows Point steel mill deserves special attention. The writer fully realizes the need for organizing the workers for struggle against wage-cuts and terror, but the workers are confronted with the difficult problem of applying the correct method of organization adaptable to the particular situation.

The resolution of the eighth session of the Central Council of Red International of Labor Unions, printed in the Daily Worker of May 7, 1932, gives the following directives on cases where terror interferes with shop activities:

"The factory groups must be surrounded with a network of various openly existing and formally not connected with the factory organizations, such as mutal aid funds, cultural and educational circles, sport groups, etc., taking upon themselves the initative of the and adopting measures so that everyone of them should have a firm kernel from consistent adherents of the revolutionary trade union movement; these organizations should at the same time be the organizational base for the mass work. The members of the factory groups must carry out in the most consistent manner the tactics of the united front from below, with all these auxiliary organizations."

By carrying out these directives carefully, the scattered homes problem can be overcome.

Needle Workers Make Contacts Despite Terror in Shops

New York City.

Due to the succes of the Needle Trades Industrial Union in developing shop struggles in the knitgoods shops, the knitgoods bosses are terrorizing the workers in the highest degree. The workers are spied upon and watched not to talk one to another. A militant knitgoods worker told me how he came to make a contact with another militant worker in a terrorized knitgoods shop. While working at his machine, another worker next to him san quietly to himself the International. The worker answered back with the International. The other worker looked upon him with a smile and at night when they went home, the other worker began to talk to him and talked about the conditions of terror in the shop. Knitgoods workers, write to the Daily Worker about the terror in your shop, expose the speed-up, the long hours and low wages, and through shop committees organize yourselves to win better living conditions.

Workers Pay Cuts; Bosses Blow-Outs

Ford Worker Writes of Class Contrast

Dearborn, Mich.

Lest we forget, this is the third anniversary of the Edison Jubilee, the expensive blow-out put on by Henry Ford to glorify Edison, held in October, 1929.

Ford spent $10,000,000 on this celebration and made a grand event of it, special trains, bands, entertainers, speakers, dancing, fine things to drink, whole floors in Detroit's largest hotel paid for this event. Every guest had his railroad and hotel bill paid by your Uncle Henry Ford.

Men worker for weeks preparing the Rouge shop for this show, such as making a hole through a solid brick wall about 15 feet from the ground and an elevated runaway over the machine and men working below. So that the invited highbreds could ride around in one of Ford's Lincolns and see just how such a fine blowout was paid for.

We common herd were fenced off and kept back with clubs. Ford exploited out of the hides of his workers to pay this $10,000,000. Made us buy cars, and then the dealer took them away later.

Gave us all slips last spring for raising garden, saying he would fire those that did not raise a garden. It all meant raise your own soup for this winter when I cannot make a profit of 10 per cent on your labor, and lay you off. How easily the product of our labor is taken away from us.

Again, I would like to know if Ford spends $10,000.00 on a drunken financial spree, how he can have the nerve to come back some 2 or 3 years later and give his workers that paid for this spree wage-cuts of 30 per cent and 50 per cent.

Mr. Ford hardly has nerve enough to face the Mike to tell us "Chinamen selling" Hoover will stay. Yet Ford has nerve enough to give his workers wage-cuts and blacklist and bullets.

—Old Ford Worker.

Trumbull to Tour 24 Cities to Rally Bets For March to Capital

NEW YORK, Oct. 27.—To rally masses of veterans for the bonus march to Washingto, Dec. 5, Walter Trumbull, National Secretary of the Workers Ex-Servicemen's League, left here today for a speaking tour in which he will address meetings in 24 cities.

The following are the cities and dates of the Trumbull meetings which will be held under the auspices of the National Veterans Rank and File Commitee: Oct. 27, Stamford; Oct. 28, Bridgeport; Oct. 29, New Haven; Oct. 30, Providence; Oct. 31, Fall River; Nov. 1, Lawrence; Nov. 2, Boston; Nov. 4, Albany; Nov. 5, Schenectady; Nov. 8, Utica; Nov. 9, Syracuse; Nov. 11, Rochester; Nov. 13, Buffalo; Nov. 14, Erie; Nov. 16, Pittsburgh; Nov. 18, E. Liverpool; Nov. 19, Akron; Nov. 20, Cleveland, Nov. 22, Toledo; Nov. 23, Dayton; Nov. 24, Cincinnati; Nov. 26, Indianapolis; Nov. 28, Terre Haute; Nov. 30, St. Louis.

MURDERED IN COAL YARD

CLEVELAND, Ohio.—An unemployed father of three children was shot and killed here by a dum-dum bullet from a big game rifle in the hands of a watchman at a coal yard.

Hoover Sets Up Sham Peonage "Inquiry" as Vote Cashing Move

WASHINGTON, Oct. 27.—In a vote-catching move, President Hoover yesterday made a belated gesture of "investigating" peonage conditions on Federal government construction work in Mississippi. This fake "investigation" move follows on the heels of the efforts of the administration to discredit the reports of private investigators on the shameful conditions in the flood control construction work, on which many Negroes are held in virtual slavery and subjected to the most brutal torture.

The hypocritical nature of Hoover's "investigation" is clearly shown by the persons he has named on his board of "inquiry." Robert R. Moton, Negro reformist who whitewashed the American Occupation of Haiti, is named to head the board. Other members are Judge James A. Cobb, Negro reformist and republican tool in Washington; Eugene Knickle Jones, executive secretary of the capitalist supported strike-breaking agency, the Urban League, and Lieut. Colonel U. S. Grant, 3rd, grandson of General Ulysses Grant.

VOTE COMMUNIST FOR

PREPARING NATIONAL HUNGER MARCH

Mayor Flouts Jobless



Mayor Cermak of Chicago, whose police killed Sbosob, now wants jobless to give up march and send delegation to meeting of bankers instead. They refused.

CHICAGO JOBLESS MARCH MONDAY

Mayor Denies Permit; Preparations Go On

CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 27.—The great Chicago city and Cook County Hunger March against the 50 per cent relief cut ordered early this month, will start at three points and concentrate on the city and county government offices Monday. Tens of thousands of marchers, bearing their demands for relief this winter, no evictions, food for school children, etc., will parade through the Loop, the main business and financial districts, after traversing the workers' sections of town.

Vote Communist Placards

Among them will be signs denouncing the hunger and relief cutting program of the Republican Governor Emmerson, and the police brutality and murderous attacks on the jobless workers with which the Democratic Party Mayor Cermak enforces Emmerson's stavation decrees. Workers will be called upon to Vote Communist in this election against this hunger program.

Cermak has once more proved his part in this program. After two delegations sent by the united front conference of 371 worker organizations and 712 delegates, held here Friday, had interviewed Cermak and his police commissioner, the Roosevelt henchman, Cermak, stated that he would give no permit for the parade.

Yesterday a delegation of a hundred representing all worker organizations called on a special meeting of the city council and, though its order of business was filled, forced it through the councilors' fear of the mass uprising of the jobless here, to listen to demands for the right to march through the streets Monday. The city council was badly worried, but passed the matter up to a special sub-committee and to another city council meeting Friday. The delegation through three spokesmen, presented the demands of the hunger marchers, and stated the march would take place Monday, with or without a permit.

The fact that the Chicago business interests feel the gravity of the situation and are trying to pass things off with soft words first, and terror later, is shown by an incident yesterday. Judge Fisher, a Democratic Party boss, began trying to get in touch with the Hunger March committee, saying that he wanted a conference, and would, if an agreement could be made, persuade Cermak to grant the permit. But reliance on capitalist politicians would defeat the workers' demands. Only united mass action can stop the 50 per cent relief cut.

Collect Food, Cloths, Get Trucks For Nat'l Hunger Marchers

Workers International Relief Outlines More of Its Plans to Support Jobless Demands

NEW YORK.—The National office of the Workers International Relief has issued instructions for bringing the whole W. I. R. organization to the support of the National Hunger March, particularly the tasks of collecting food, assembling trucks and providing medical care and lodgings for the marchers. After outlining a joint action by the W. I. R. and Unemployed Councils city and district organization, the calling of a united front conference of all workers' organizations, and setting up of a leading committee in each important city and district with sub-committees on finances, food, clothing, transportation, publicity etc., it says:

"Every workers' organization headquarters must be made into a Hunger March commissary for the collection of food, clothing etc. Every few days this must be picked and stored in a central WIR warehouse in the city. Every workers organization must have large signs: "Support the National Hunger March etc." Bring clothing, food, etc. here."

Funds and Food

Neighborhood collections of food, clothing and funds should be organized with volunteers from the women's auxiliaries, women's councils.

"Volunteers must be secured with autos and trucks to help in these food collections. Committees to visit wholesalers for non-perishable foods.

"Perishable food can also be solicited in the following way. Visiting bakers, delicatessen stores, etc., and getting promises (written) of food to be taken out at the time of march.

A. F. L. bakers and butchers unions to be visited for support.

Transportation

"A call for trucks, autos, motorcycles, etc., should be issued. Solicit contributions of gas, oil, in advance to be taken from gasoline stations when ready to go on Hunger March. Each district must arrange to have a few mechanics with their tools ready to go on the march.

"In each line of march there must be at least one doctor and two nurses. Collections of first-aid articles to be made. Where there is no W. I. R. medical aid unit, one should be organized.

Building the W. I. R.

"During the course of the campaign for the support of the Hunger March, W. I. R. branches must be organized in the neighborhoods.

In a previous issue of the Daily Worker, the W. I. R. outline for tag days, etc. for collections for the march was given.

Rush Your Donations for National Hunger March Preparations

NEW YORK.—Appealing for immediate action in mobilizing for the widest mass support of the National Hunger March, the Workers International Relief Joint Committee for Support of the National Hunger March, urged that contributions to initiate the first steps in preparation for the march be rushed.

All checks, money orders, etc., should be made to the order of the Hunger March Committee and sent to the Workers International Relief Joint Committee for Support of the National Hunger March, 146 Fifth Ave., New York, N. Y.; other donations should be sent directly to the nearest W.I.R. office.

DEFENSE BACKS NAT'L MARCHERS

ILD Pledges Support to Jobless Delegates

NEW YORK.—Endorsement of the fighting call of the National Committee of Unemployed Councils for another National Hunger March to Washington, D. C., December 5, and a pledge to lend the march its full support, was given today by the National Buro of the International Labor Defense.

Signed by William Patterson, I. L. D. national secretary, the letter of the defense organization to the unemployed councils national committee reviews the cases which indicate a rising tide of workers' struggle against starvation and the workers' determination to fight a tide of capitalist terror, also growing higher.

Frame-up Cases

The letter mentions the attempt to frame Orloff and Opeck, West Virginia miners, and Silas Byrge, Kentucky miner, for murder. It mentions the attempt to legally lynch the Scottsboro boys, and the murder by deputies of a whole family of Negro workers in Senatobia, Miss., recently. It tells of the attempted frame-ups and legal lynching of the Logan Circle cases. All these are attacks on Negroes, because Negro workers are beginning to struggle.

The I. L. D. foresees still more such attacks, as the situation grows more tense. It says in its letter:

"The National Buro of the International Labor Defense calls now upon every district and branch to prepare for these impending defense struggles. There must be no delay. The most intensive action is necessary. The full strength of a mass nationwide defense organization is a necessary factor in the accomplishment of the task outlined by the National Committee of the Unemployed Council.

Reach New Mass

"The campaign of the Unemployed Councils offers the International Labor Defense new possibilities for reaching new masses. Under the drive of this campaign, the International Labor Defense must extend its strength and make intimate contact with the mass of workers wherever they may be found. This campaign must help the International Labor Defense to make the turn toward the masses. New strata of liberals and intellectuals must be reached.

"All manner of lying demagogic appeals will be made to the workers to stop the march of the Unemployed Councils, Democratic, Republican and Socialist politicians will tell of their preparations to relieve the misery of the masses. This new march will be styled 'a Comunist adventure.' The International Labor Defense endorses and pledges its full support to the successful carrying out of this campaign saginst mass starvation."

118 DELEGATES SUPPORT HUNGER MARCH!

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Oct. 27.—The Philadelphia United Front Conference on Unemployment endorsed the National Hunger March and made plans to mobilize support for it here. The conference consisted of 118 delegates from 78 workers' organizations, and met Oct. 23 at 806 Girard Ave.

Edward Bender, secretary of the Unemployed Councils told of 50,000 starving families in this city, with the city government making no provision whatever for them this winter, but instead planning to tax those who do have jobs at the rate of $1.88 per hundred and on amusements.

The conference is sending a delegation to the city hall to protest the occupational tax and demand opening of the Shelter Home for evicted unemployed and to demand relief and no evictions. The conference endorsed the Communist candidates.

Unemployment and Social Insurance at the expense of the state and employers.

Demanded Relief for 80,000 Jobless Seamen



Delegation from New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore, elected at mass meetings of jobless seamen called by Marine Workers Industrial Union and Waterfront unemployed councils. They invaded the White House Oct. 24 and served demands on President Hoover for $1 a day relief, right of unemployed to live on idle ships, medical care, recognition of Soviet Union, and other demands. They declared they would be back with the thousands of National Hunger Marchers to get their answer.

Left to right: front row: John Clarke of Baltimore; E. L. Burke of Baltimore, George Mink, National Chairman M. W. I. U.; John Archer of Philadelphia and Hays Jones of New York. Back Row: Louis J. Lopez of Philippine Islands and J. Youthis of Baltimore.

Chicago Hunger March Starting At 10 A. M., Mon.

CHICAGO, Ill., Oct., 27.—The Chicago City and Cook County Hunger March against the 50 per cut in relief and for more relief no evictions, etc., starts at 10 a.m. Monday, October 31.

The South Side column forms at 22nd St. and Wentworth.

The North Side Column forms at Clark and Walton.

The West Side Column forms at Union Park, Ogden and Randolph.

The hunger march and its demands are endorsed by a united front conference held Oct., 21; with 712 delegates representing 371 workers organizations.

Nearing to Speak in Philadelphia Friday

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 27.—Scott Nearing, former professor of the University of Pennsylvania, and William N. Jones, editor of the Afro-American, and Harry M. Wicks, Communist candidate for the United States Senate, will speak Friday, October 28, 8 o'clock at the Broadway Arena, Broad and Christian Sts., on "Why the Intellectuals Support the Communist Ticket."

SEND YOUR PROLETARIAN GREETINGS

through the Daily Worker to the

15th SOVIET ANNIVERSARY

Greet the Workers of the Soviet Union!



Your Greetings

WILL REACH WORKERS IN SHOPS AND FACTORIES THROUGHOUT THE UNITED STATES AND IN THE SOVIET UNION

Demonstrate Your Support of the Soviet Union Through the Daily Worker!

NAME	ADDRESS	AMOUNT

Your Greetings Must Reach THE DAILY WORKER 50 E. 11th St., New York, N. Y. Before November 2nd, 1932

Collection must all be on this Sheet

Total amount collected .....

Name .....

Address .....

City ..... State .....

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The 'Difference' Between Roosevelt and Hoover

ANDREW MELLON, ambassador to Great Britain and one of the billionaire masters of both Hoover and Roosevelt, is surely an authority on the Republican and Democratic Parties. Speaking in Manchester Oct. 21 Mellon told his English audience that:

"On most of the major issued confronting the country the position of the two parties as expressed in their platforms and by their candidates themselves do not differ greatly one from the other."

We repeat: If anyone knows this, it is Andrew Mellon.

* * *

Continuing his burst of frankness Mellon disposed of the illusion that billions of dollars for relief of bankers, railway and industrial capitalists is a peculiarly Republican Party polcy.

He said:

"The Democratic as well as the Republican leaders of our country have indeed cooperated in the patriotic manner in putting thru the strictly emergency legislation which President Hoover recommended to Congress for the purpose of leading the way out of the economic crisis."

* * *

BOTH the Democratic and Republican Parties stand for the capitalist system of robbery and oppression of workers, mass unemployemnt and imperialist war. Melon is content with Hoover but will be ekually content with Roosevelt.

Both believe in putting the whole burden of the crisis on the working class and toiling farmers both defend the interests of finance-capital against the American masses.

Vote Communist! Vote for Foster and Ford against the candidates of Wall Street. Support—and join—the only political party which fights for the overthrow of capitalism and a Workers' and Farmers' Government—the Communist Party! This is the revolutionary way out of the crisis of capitalism. For the working class there is no other way out.

Roosevelt, the Socialists and Injunctions

ROOSEVELT is credited "with prohibiting the temporary injunction in labor disputes without a hearing," in a leaflet issued by the Democratic Campaign Committee, which states that "a vote for Roosevelt and Garner means a square deal for labor."

The Democratic Party is trying to create the impression that Roosevelt is against the tyrannical use of the injunction to break strikes. Nothing is farther from the truth. The injunction which is a specially vicious weapon in the armory of capitalism to suppress the rights of the workers is on the increase. The Democrats stand shoulder to shoulder with the republicans in destroying workers rights.

* * *

CAPITALISM has refused to abolish the injunction, but under the pressure of the workers it has made some manouvers intended to create the illusion among workers that the injunction evil was being curbed. Among these was a law prohibiting temporary injunctions in labor disputes **without a hearing.** But workers have not been relieved to any extent from the menace of the injunction. An examination of cases where employers demanded temporary injunctions in strikes (there are scores of such cases on record in New York City alone since this legislation was passed) shows the procedure is as follows:

The courts give very short notice to the attorneys for strikers—usually two days, allowing them no adequate time to prepare the defense. When an extension is asked the courts refuse. The temporary injunctions stand usualy until the strike is broken or settled. Many of these temporary injunction hearings take place **after** the strike is over. During the strike there are wholesale arrests of pickets. They are tried and sentenced for contempt of court under the provisions of the temporary injunctions.

The total numbers of arrests in New York City alone **under these temporary injunctions in the last year run into hundreds.** They have been made in strikes of shoe workers, metal workers, food workers, needle trade workers, building trade workers. A strike in which the injunction weapon is not used by the employers is the rare exception.

The experience of literally thousands of workers in **New York State** of which he is governor, gives the lie to the claims of Roosevelt's spokesmen that he is opposed to the use of temporary injunctions as a method of strike-breaking.

He has never released a single worker jailed under these strike-breaking measures nor has he ever uttered one word of criticism of the tyrannical procedure of the courts. This would interfere with the capitalist offensive against the workingclass and the solution of the crisis at the expense of the workers—the joint program of the Democrat and Republican parties; of Roosevelt and Hoover.

* * *

IN the use of injunctions against workers the Socialists too have an "honorable" record. The Socialist trade union chiefs in New York have used injunctions against revolutionary workers. Morris Hillquit applied, together with the dress manufacturers, for an injunction against the needle trades workers in New York in 1926, and used the injunction again in 1927 to beat down the living standards of the workers.

The Republican and Democratic parties are suppressing the rights of the workers. From them only greater suppression can be expected. The Socialist Party trails along with the open capitalist parties in helping to put over the capitalist offensive. Only the Communist Party fights aganst the injunction menace, and against the suppression of political rights of the workers. **Vote Communist! Vote for Foster and Ford!**

Letters from Our Readers

Editor Daily Worker:

Dear Comrade:—I have read the article of "On the Last Lap of the Election Campaign," by Clarence Hathaway. Everything sounded good as far as his suggestions are concerned, and as I understood he has mentioned that he is still in the market for more suggestions to be made, so I would like to make one or two and find out whether he agrees or approves with my suggestion.

I have noticed that on every sign that the Communist Party has out on demonstrations, **they always omit the picture of the hammer and sickle,** which I think is very important, because I have been asked by many fellow workers whether the torch is the Communist emblem, that they shall vote for on election day.

Also another suggestion I would like to make and that is, on Pitkin Ave. and Bristol St., in Brooklyn, there is a very large store that is rented by the Republican Party, and there they have a regular voting machine which they instruct thousands of people coming to it of how to vote for Boomberg, Republican, and they have in it three emblems such as the Republican, Democrat, Socialist, but omitted the Communist emblem. So I spoke to the instructor about the omitting of the Communist emblem and he answered if one of you comrades will bring one down for the machine, we will place it in for them. So what do you have to say about this? A. G.

* * *

Note from Comrade Hathaway, National Election Campaign Manager:

The omission of the Hammer and Sickle from posters and other election agitational material, is a grave error, which should immediately be rectified. I entirely agree with the suggestion of the comrade.

On the other suggestions, about the display voting machine, and on covering the meetings of our opponents, I also agree, and appeal to our local organizations throughout the country, to put these suggestions into effect.

CHILD WORKERS

In 1920 (there are no later figures available), 1,060,900 children 10 to 15 years of age were reported as working for pay, or about one in 12 of the child population of those ages. More than a third of these working children were less than 14 years old. Two-thirds were gir[illegible]

The Quack "Government Ownership" Schemes of S.P.

Are Reactionary Measures for Stengthening Rule of Trusts Under Capitalism

By WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

THE Socialist Party, taking advantage of the terrible conditions of the working class—men, women and children—in the coalfields, is dangling before the eyes of the miners the will-o-the-wisp of "government ownership." Sometimes the Socialist Party propagandists call it nationalization.

A pamphlet by Powers Hapgood, who deserted the miners in their heroic battles of 1927-28 at the height of the struggle to break the stranglehold of the corrupt John L. Lewis machine has been distributed widely through the coal fields. It is entitled "End Slavery in the Coal Fields!"—a typical piece of Socialist Party demagogy.

Every miner and every other worker—is in favor of ending slavery—in the coal fields and in other industries. It is upon this revolutionary desire that the Socialist Party banks for a hearing, and it is the proven militancy of the miners which it tries to capitalize.

The pamphlet does not tell the miners that government ownership and control of mines, unless capitalist government has been overthrown and replaced by a Workers and Farmers Government, **means not more but less control by workers over their wages and hours.**

The pamphlet does not tell the miners that powerful groups of coal operators, supported by John L. Lewis and the American Federation of Labor leaders, are in favor of government control of the coal mining industry. They want the help of the government in squeezing out the smaller operators. They want the power of the government placed DIRECTLY behind the coal barons and the miners placed in the position of the postoffice workers and other government employees who are not allowed to strike, whose wages have been cut and who have been speeded up the same as the miners have.

The Socialist Party, when it talks of government ownership, pictures the government as something separate and apart from the capitalist system, as an agency that has the interests of workers at heart and that workers can control.

This is not only ridiculous. It is dangerous. The National, state and local governments are agencies of the capitalist class. The only difference under government ownership as in the case of the strike in the Illinois mines, where state troops were called to break the strike, would be that federal troops would have been used also.

Hapgood's pamphlet says: "Because it will not be necessary to make profits, wages can be far higher under nationalization."

But industries owned by capitalist government (which is only the executive committee of the big employers and banks) are also run for profits. Government ownership in all capitalist countries is a means of exercising more control over workers and making money for the banks—who are the real rulers whether there is government ownership or not.

The example of the governmnt operation of the railroads during the war, when the railway workers got an increase in wages, is often cited as proof that government ownership is better for workers. The fact of the matter is that the railway workers were about to strike. The railways were necessary to carry on Wall Street's war.

The Hapgood pamphlet says that under government ownership there will be a six-hour and a five-day week for miners with high wages.

There are about 900,000 government employes in the United States. The overwhelming majority of them are poorly paid. All of them who are not capitalist party politicians have had their wages cut in the last two years. Where working time has been reduced to five days a week wages have been cut accordingly.

Not even the publicity agents of the capitalist class have ever dared to point to the wages and working conditions of the great mass of government employees as proof of the generosity of capitalist government to workers. It has remained for the Socialist Party to foster this illusion.

In other countries, like France and Germany, railroads have been owned and operated by the government for years. It was in France that Briand mobilized the railway workers into the army to make them break their own strike. In both Germany and France the conditions of the railway workers are no better than those of workers in other industries. These are facts that any worker can look up for himself.

The Hapgood pamphlet says:

"Nationalization of coal mines means: Regular work at shorter hours; decent wages; more air pumped into the mines; better and happier homes; the end of preventable accidents; security, health, safety and freedom."

This reads like the prospectus for a fake gold mine. The Socialist Party is certainly a good booster for capitalism.

Government ownership, if it were carried out, means first of all the shutting down of small mines and the freezing out of still more miners from the industry. It means more unemployment. It means wages fixed by government boards under the slogan of compulsory arbitration against whose decisions it would be a crime to strike. It means a system of government spying exceeding anything that the coal operators and John L. Lewis have been able to do. It means the militarization of the mines.

Government ownership of the mines under capitalism means still worse discrimination against the large numbers of Negro miners. Even in the United States Army Negroes are Jim Crowed into separate regiments, denied promotion and subject to all the tyrannies they suffer in civil life.

Under capitalism government ownership means putting still more of the burden of the crisis on the masses by the direct suppressive action of the government. It means the speed up and exploitation of the miners directly in the interests of the Wall Street capitalists who would lend the government the money to buy the mines.

Remember that the Socialist Party says nothing about confiscation of mining properties. It is against confiscation. The Socialist Party convention held last summer in Milwaukee voted **against** including confiscation in its platform. Norman Thomas, its candidate for president, said that **"there was a possibility of achieving Socialism in a generation** (this will not frighten the capitalist class very much—D.B.) **if guided by the desire for an orderly revolution and that the cost of taxation was trivial when compared with the cost of putting into motion confiscation."** This is the Socialist Party policy in a nutshell: Never hurt the dear capitalists. The vote on the confiscation resolution was 166 against, 14 for.

The Socialist Party brings forward its program of government ownership to distract the miners from their daily struggles, to divert their militancy into the fruitless channels of lobbying and mere voting during elections. Its program of government ownership under capitalism is put forward as if this meant the abolition of capitalism. This is deception of the most treacherous kind. It is only in the Soviet Union, where the working class headed by its Communist Party is at the same time the government that nationalization is in favor of the workers.

The Socialist Party is not a revolutionary party. Its whole program is intended to help the capitalist class maintain power as against the workers by making capitalism appear in a more harmless form.

The Socialist Party joins with the Republican and Democratic parties, in attacking the Communist Party. It does this because the Communist Party exposes its lies about government ownership, because it helps the miners in all their struggles, because it helps them organize militant industrial unions like the National Miners Union; because the Communist Party never looks upon the situation of the miners as "hopeless" but says that rank and file organization and mass struggle, that the united front of all miners against treacherous leaders, the coal operators and capitalist government is the most effective weapon of the miners.

The Socialist Party joins with all the enemies of the working class against the Communists because they point out to the miners that the only way out of the capitalist crisis is revolutionary struggle for the overthrow of capitalism and the establishmen tof a Workers and Farmers Government.

The Socialist Party program of government ownership would serve only to tighten the bonds of capitalist wage slavery upon the miners and the rest of the working class.

Miners! Reject the Socialist Party program!

Miners! Join the Communist Party! Support the Communist candidates—in the elections Vote Communist!

Way Out of Crisis Is Thru Workers' and Farmers' Gov't



Vote Communist Against Wage Cuts! By DAN RICO

Why Southern Workers Should Vote Communist on Nov. 8

Equal Rights for Negroes and Self-Determination for Black Belt Is One of Key Demands of Platform

By MYRA PAGE

(The writer of this article is the Daily Worker correspondent in the Soviet Union. She is the author of "Gathering Storm," a recent novel about life in the South).

* * *

AS one born and raised in the South, I know full well the darkness that covers the sun in "sunny Dixie." In the seacoast town of Virginia, where I grew up, both Negro and white workers have suffered heavily because they fell for the bosses' policy of "divide and rule." In the shipyard and on the docks, unions were smashed, strikes lost, and wages slashed, time and again, because labor was divided within its own ranks, along lines of color. The American Federation of Labor officials followed the employers' policy of Jim-Crowing the colored workers, and advising both colored and white against going out in sympathy strikes, in support of their brothers. Also the middle class of people, the doctors, grocerymen, teachers, and others have suffered because of this division in labor's ranks. When the workmen's wages fell, the standard of living of the white collar workers and professionals came down too.



MYRA PAGE

WHY I AM A RED

What has been happening in my home town has been happening throughout the south. As the old song goes: "The rich grow richer and the poor grow poorer," because up until now the rich owning class has been able to get away with its policy of "divide and rule." Wages in the south, for the same work, run from one-third to one-half less than in other parts of the country. This is a direct product of the caste system. Lynchings are on the increase. Several millions of young children are wrecking their little bodies in cotton fields and tending machines when they should be in school. I want to see and end to these things. That is why I am a Red.

* * *

AT Gastonia, for the first time, southern labor learned of this one way out of its misery. It was the Communist Party that showed them and inspired them to organize, develop leaders from their ranks. Ever since then, it has held aloft the banner of solidarity and struggle, in the south, and no amount of terror on the part of the ruling class, no amount of threats of lynchings, of night-rides given its organizers by K.K.K. and "gentlemen" fascist gangs can make it retreat from its position. Its members stand by their principles labor solidarity and full rights and freedom for the Negro people), giving their life, if necessary, as Ella May Wiggins in Gastonia, and young Harry Sims in Kentucky, to defend them.

The Negro masses are generally quicker, I think, to grasp the correctness of the Communist program than most southern whites. However, I know many white southerners, who, like myself, are Communists. And the many demonstrations and joint actions of white and colored unemployed workers, as in Greenville, Atlanta, St. Louis, as well as in Chicago, Los Angeles and Detroit, the Scottsboro campaign, the coming together of the share-croppers in the Black Belt, the growing strike struggles below the Mason and Dixon line, and the spreading of the revolutionary unions in which white and colored stand side by side, all prove that southern white labor also is learning, and pretty fast, that solidarity and sticking together is the one way to win.

COMMUNISM MEANS FREEDOM FOR ALL WHO LABOR

In the six election demands of the Communist Party, there is one that has particular significance for the south. That is the fourth demand: **Equal rights for Negroes and self-determination for the Black Belt.**

I whole-heartedly support this demand, because I know it means freedom and opportunities for 12 million Negroes—an entire people—and for white workers and small farmers as well. Freeing of the Negro people also means freeing of my white fellows and myself. Realization of this Communist platform will go far toward ridding the south of its fearful, bitter darkness, and bringing about a happier condition for all. All, except that small class who have lived at the expense of the masses; and the sooner their day is ended, the better!

The reason I am so sure of the results of such a policy is, first, because long experience has given me an unshakable confidence in the working masses of both races, and their ability to work out healthy, friendly relations with one another; and also because in the twelve months spent in the Soviet Union, I have seen myself how this principle of mutual cooperation of toiling masses of various races and nationalities, on the basis of full equality, has worked out in practice.

EMANCIPATION OF THE NEGRO PEOPLE

In old Czarist Russia, there were many peoples oppressed, like the Negro in America. There were the Uzbeks, the Ukrainians, the Georgians, the Armenians, the Jews, and many more. These rulers followed the same policy of "divide and rule." Russian workers and peasants were told they were "superior" to these other peoples, and one race and nationality was pitted against another, the same as in America today. Not only quarrels but actually armed conflicts took place between different nationalities. Georgians fought Armenians, Ukrainians fought Great Russians, and so it went. Each mistrusted, blamed, and hated the other for their misery—until the revolutionary workers and their Bolshevik (Communist) Party showed them their real, common enemy, and the road to freedom.

* * *

AFTER the Revolution of 1917, and the establishment of the workers' and peasants' government, one of the first steps taken was the issuing of a Declaration of Rights of the Peoples of Russia. It recognized the right to self-government and independence of every former oppressed nationality. Today, the Soviet Union is composed of seven Soviet Republics, bound together in a voluntary union in the common task of building socialism — the Ukrainian, White-Russian, Russian, Transcaucasian, Uzbek, Turkoman, and Tadjik republics. Each has its own government, school system, and press in the native language, its national resources and budgets, and its flourishing cultural life. Within each of these republics are smaller, autonomous republics of smaller nationalities, who enjoy full rights to govern themselves and develop their economic and cultural life. Everywhere in the Soviet Union, I found peoples of different nationalities who once had fought bitterly between themselves, living and working together in harmony. Only the older generations recall the former hostilities.

I know what has worked out so well in practice in the Soviet Union can work out equally well in the United States. And I look forward to the rich culture and art which the Negro people will contribute to our common heritage. Their music and folklore, already developed, show us what we may expect. I look forward to the fuller life which the masses of both races will then be able to live.

RIGHT OF SELF-DETERMINATION IN THE BLACK BELT

What does self-determination for the Black Belt mean? That in that wide stretch of territory curving like a sickle through the southern states, where the colored people form the majority of the population—an enslaved nation of ten million — the elementary right of self-government shall be applied. This Black Belt forms a natural economic and political unit. Old state boundaries (which, in fact, have no basis) would be set aside and this territory, should the majority of its population desire it, be formed into an independent, self-governing state. Within this territory, the rights of the toiling whites, who form a minority of the population, would be fully protected; just as they are, in similar circumstances, in the Soviet Union.

The Democratic and Republican parties oppose it openly, and in practice. They are for status quo in the south, in everything. Their records in office in both state and federal governments demonstrate that they are in favor of the continual enslavement of the Negro people, and likewise of the white masses.

* * *

WHAT of the Socialist Party officials? Their actions prove their acceptance of the Jim-Crow system. By this, they betray the basic interests of American labor, and especially the southern section which is the greatest victim of this vicious system. There was a time when the revolutionary talk of this Party's leaders drew me toward them — but that was before their deeds, in Milwaukee, in Reading, and in the south, as well as in many strikes, opened my eyes to their unprincipled, weak-kneed character.

It has been left to the Communist Party to come forward as the champion of the rights of the Negro people, and self-determination for the Black Belt. I am proud that it has nominated an Alabama Negro worker, James W. Ford, whose grandfather was murdered by a lynch mob, as its candidate for Vice-President of the United States. I know that through its stand, the oppressed millions in the Black Belt will be roused to greater struggle.

Southern men and women, all who live by their labor, white and colored, show your class spirit by voting under the hammer and sickle. Vote for Foster and Ford! Vote Communist!

Isaiah Joyce, Negro Worker, Militant Candidate in Chicago

By MARTIN MORIARITY

CHICAGO, Ill.—Years of chopping cotton from sun-up to sundown, and then eight weary years in the stockyards of the "emancipated" North, long ago convinced Isaiah Joyce that the Negro workers must fight for bread alongside their white brothers. That's why he is a familiar figure at the relief stations, demanding immediate aid for Negro and white families instead of the miserable calories of starvation diet begrudged them by Cermak's office boys.

That's why he is candidate of the Communist Party for State Senator.

JOYCE'S "HOME"

You have to be careful of the treacherous, sagging stairway that you climb to get to Joyce's "home." And, if it rains, it's better not to sit down—you'll only have to dodge the rain, under which the roof is slowly perishing.

When I arrived Joyce was telling a comrade of the latest recruits to the Unemployed Council, in which he is active.

"Will Powell," he was saying, "was out of a job for twelve months but the relief station gave him not a thing. Then he came to the Council. We fought his case. Now he gets $5.60 every two weeks and fuel for himself and wife. That's not much, of course, but it showed Powell something that I learned—you can win nothing unless you fight for it, organized with the rest of the workers.

THE CASE OF LAURA SMITH

"Then there was Laura Smith. She was a single worker and so she was expected to slink in a corner and die quietly. But the Unemployed Council forced rent allowance and grocery order for her —three every two weeks."

Against Joyce, faithfully defending this capitalist system that bestows — sometimes — such humane charity on the workers is the Democratic Congressman, A. J. Savage. "WHEN William Hushka was murdered in the attack on the bonus army at Washington," Joyce recalled, "it was Savage who pleaded with Hushka's family not to ask the return of the body to Chicago. There might be bloodshed, Savage said—trying to make believe that the comrades of Hushka, not the government which murdered him, would provoke such bloodshed."

"This should be enough to show the veterans just what they can expect from the rule of such demagogues. And the veterans, the heroes of 1917 who are now left to starve with the rest of the jobless, must ditch these fakers by voting for the Communist Party.

THE VETERANS' BUREAU

"Take the case of an ex-soldier on Culloden St. He has five children. He was sick for one year and even tried suicide as a way out. I went with one of his family to the Veterans' Bureau on Wood St.

"'Why did you bring this white family?' an official snapped at me.

"'How did you get acquainted?' he asked, scandalized at the idea of Negro and white workers fighting together.

"Is it against the law for a colored man to bring a white family to the Veterans' Bureau? I asked. We're not interested in Jim-Crowing, we're interested in relief.

"They were furious. 'The colored must stay away from the white and the white from the colored,' they said. Still, they increased the grocery allowance—when we told them that we were delegated by the Unemployed Council."

Voting for Joyce on Nov. 8 will be many of the workers with whom he slaved in the stockyards. That was in the years after 1916, after he fled the 60 cents a day—no board—paid him as a cotton picker in Mississippi.